Cortisporin TC - Colistin Sulfate, Neomycin Sulfate, Thonzonium Bromide And Hydrocortisone Acetate Suspension

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 89, No. 98 / Monday, May 20, 2024 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (December 15, 2022).

Revision Date: Date of Issue: 04/08/2025 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Cortisporin TC - Colistin Sulfate, Neomycin Sulfate, Thonzonium Bromide And Hydrocortisone Acetate Suspension

1.2 Recommended Use and Restrictions on Use

Use Of The Substance/Mixture : Antibiotic combination indicated for treatment of superficial bacterial infections of the external auditory canal

Restrictions On Use : No additional information available

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Corporate

Endo USA Inc
870 Parkdale Rd
Rochester, MI 48307 USA
T 1-800-828-9393 (Phone)
1-201-829-9222 (Fax)
Website: www.endo.com
Email: medical.information@endo.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : VelocityEHS
(800)255-3924 (North America)
+1 (813)248-0585 (International)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A	H360
Specific target organ toxicity, Repeated exposure, Category 2	H373

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA) :

GHS08

Signal Word (GHS-US/CA) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) : H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child (oral).
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (oral).

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 - Do not breathe mist, spray, or vapors.
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, and protective clothing.
P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3 Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

This product is a pharmaceutical product designed for administration to a patient by a qualified medical professional. No other uses are anticipated. If this product is used in unforeseeable chemical processes and not used as intended or reasonable, the hazards listed in Section 2.3 cannot cover all chemistries. Therefore, a Process Hazard Analysis (PHA) or other hazard assessment for additional

specific end uses should be performed to ensure that hazards are fully understood, and adequate safety measures are in place. See Section 10 for relevant reactivity and stability information.

2.4. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Synonyms	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Water	AQUA	(CAS-No.) 7732-18-5	80 – 100	Not classified.
Sodium acetate trihydrate	Acetate, sodium, trihydrate / Acetic acid, sodium salt, trihydrate / Sodium acetate-3-hydrate / Acetic acid, sodium salt, hydrate (1:1:3) / Sodium acetate	(CAS-No.) 6131-90-4	1 – 5	Combustible Dust
Hydrocortisone	Abbocort / Bambicort / Cortacream / Cortell / Corticosterone, 17-hydroxy-, 21-acetate / Cortifoam / Cortisol acetate / Cortisol, 21-acetate / Cortril acetate / Fernisone / Hycortole acetate / Hydrocortisone 21-acetate / Hydrocortisone acetate / Hydrosone / 17-Hydroxycorticosterone acetate / 17-Hydroxycorticosterone-21-acetate / Isopto-hydrocortisone / Lanacort / Mysone / 21-Acetoxy-11.beta.,17.alpha.-dihydroxypregn-4-ene-3,20-dione / hydrocortisone acetate / 11.beta.,17.alpha.,21-Trihydroxypregn-4-ene-3,20-dione-21-acetate / HYDROCORTISONE ACETATE	(CAS-No.) 50-03-3	0.5 – 2	Repr. 1A, H360 STOT RE 2, H373
Colistin sulfate	Colistin sulfate / Polymyxin E sulfate / Polymyxin E sulfate (salt)	(CAS-No.) 1264-72-8	< 1	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 STOT RE 2, H373 Comb. Dust
Neomycin sulfate	Neomycin, sulfate (salt) / Fradiomycin sulfate / Neomycin sulphate	(CAS-No.) 1405-10-3	< 1	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT RE 2, H373
Acetic acid	Acetic acid, glacial / Ethanoic acid / Ethylic acid / Vinegar acid / ACETIC ACID / Acetic acid solution / Acetic acid ...% / Acetic acid ... %	(CAS-No.) 64-19-7	0.1 – 1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 3, H402
Thonzonium bromide	1-Hexadecanaminium, N-[2-[[(4-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-2-pyrimidinylamino]ethyl]-N,N-dimethyl-, bromide / thonzonium bromide / Thonzonium bromide	(CAS-No.) 553-08-2	< 0.1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Polysorbate 80	Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate / Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivatives/ Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated / Sorbitan, mono-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivatives, (Z)- / Polyoxyethylene (5) sorbitan monooleate / PEG-3 SORBITAN OLEATE / Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monooleate / Polyethylene glycol sorbitan monooleate / PEG-20 SORBITAN OLEATE / PEG sorbitan oleate / Sorbitan monooleate, ethoxylated (1-6.5 moles ethoxylated) / POLYSORBATE 80 / POLYSORBATE 81 / PEG-6 sorbitan oleate / PEG-40 sorbitan oleate / PEG-20 sorbitan oleate / PEG-40 SORBITAN OLEATE / PEG-6 SORBITAN OLEATE / Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivs./	(CAS-No.) 9005-65-6	< 0.1	Not classified.

Thimerosal	((o-Carboxyphenyl)thio)ethylmercury sodium salt / o-(Ethylmercurithio)benzoic acid sodium salt / Ethylmercurithiosalicylic acid sodium salt / Mercurate(1-), ethyl(2-mercaptobenzoate(2-)-O,S)-, sodium salt / Mercurate(1-), ethyl(2-mercaptobenzoato(2-)-O,S)-, sodium / Mercurate(1-), ethyl[2-(mercapto-.kappa.S)benzoato(2-)-.kappa.O]-, sodium / Mercurate(1-), ethyl[2-mercaptobenzoato(2-)-O,S]-, sodium / Mercurothiolate / Merthiolate / Merthiolate sodium / Sodium ethylmercuric thiosalicylate / Sodium ethylmercurithiosalicylate / Thimerosal / Thiomersal / Thiosalicylate, ethylmercury, sodium / Mercurate(1-), ethyl[2-(mercapto-.kappa.S)benzoato(2-)-.kappa.O]-, sodium (1:1) / THIMEROSAL / Sodium 2-(ethylmercurithio)benzoate / Sodium ethanide[2-(sulfide-.kappa.S)benzoato-.kappa.O]mercurate(1-) / Sodium [(2-carboxylatephenyl)thio](ethyl)mercury	(CAS-No.) 54-64-8	< 0.01	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 2, H371 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

* The actual concentration of ingredient(s) is withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2022-272. Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%). Full text of H-phrases: see section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If product is biologically contaminated, follow all institutional protocols concerning the potential release of pathogens.
Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
Skin Contact: Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Irritation is unlikely. Product is manufactured for otic use.
Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 5 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: May damage fertility or the unborn child (if swallowed). May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (if swallowed).
Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.
Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.
Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.
Chronic Symptoms: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Solutions do not burn. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Product is not flammable.
Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.
Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.
Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of carbon, nitrogen, mercury, chlorine, sulfur and sodium.
Other Information: No additional information available.

5.4. Reference to Other Sections
Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures
General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel
Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).
Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel
Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up
For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.
Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections
See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling
Additional Hazards When Processed: Material may be biologically contaminated with pathogenic organisms during use.
Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Handling Temperature: See Section 7.2, Storage, for suggested temperature range.
Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.
Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
Storage Temperature: 20 – 25 °C (68 – 77 °F). Excursions permitted to 15°C to 30°C (59°F to 86°F). DO NOT FREEZE!
Storage Area: Keep away from heat.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)
Antibiotic combination indicated for treatment of superficial bacterial infections of the external auditory canal

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters
For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Acetic acid (64-19-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	15 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	25 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA	25 mg/m³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA	10 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL	37 mg/m³

USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL STEL	15 ppm
USA IDLH	IDLH	50 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL	37 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA	25 mg/m³
Alberta	OEL TWA	10 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL	15 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA	10 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL	15 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWAEV	15 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWAEV	10 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Québec	VECD (OEL STEV)	37 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (OEL STEV)	15 ppm
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	25 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	10 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL	15 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	10 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL	43 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL	25 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA	25 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA	10 ppm

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Suitable eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles or glasses. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Thermal Hazard Protection: Not applicable.

Environmental Exposure Controls: Avoid unnecessary release into the environment.
Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	:	Liquid
Color	:	Cloudy white liquid suspension
Odor	:	Odorless
Odor Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	5.0
Evaporation Rate	:	No data available
Melting Point	:	No data available
Freezing Point	:	No data available
Boiling Point	:	No data available
Flash Point	:	No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not applicable
Lower Flammable Limit	:	No data available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	No data available
Vapor Pressure	:	No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	:	No data available
Relative Density	:	No data available
Specific Gravity	:	No data available
Solubility	:	Water: Partly soluble / Partly dispersible
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	No data available
Viscosity, Kinematic	:	No data available
Particle characteristics	:	No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity:
Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
10.2. Chemical Stability:
Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions, Including those Associated with Foreseeable Emergencies:
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
10.4. Conditions to Avoid:
Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
10.5. Incompatible Materials:
Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Thermal decomposition may produce: Oxides of carbon, nitrogen, mercury, chlorine, sulfur and sodium.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Likely routes of exposure: Dermal, Eye Contact, Inhalation, Oral.
Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified.
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified.
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified.
LD50 and LC50 Data:
No additional information available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified.
pH: 5.0
Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified.
pH: 5.0

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified.
Carcinogenicity: Not classified.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): May cause damage to organs (oral) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Reproductive Toxicity: May damage fertility or the unborn child (oral).
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified.
Aspiration Hazard: Not classified.
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.
Chronic Symptoms: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May damage fertility or the unborn child.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Colistin sulfate (1264-72-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	121 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)

Thonzonium bromide (553-08-2)	
ATE US/CA (oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US/CA (dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h

Sodium o-(ethylmercurithio)benzoate (54-64-8)	
LD50 Oral Rat	75 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
ATE US/CA (dermal)	300.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US/CA (dust, mist)	0.50 mg/l/4h

Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivatives (9005-65-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	37.605 g/kg

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3310 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	1060 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	11.4 mg/l/4h

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90 ml/kg (Source: FOOD_JOURN)

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not classified.

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	79 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	65 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC50 Fish 2	75 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static] Source: EPA)

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Cortisporin TC - Colistin Sulfate, Neomycin Sulfate, Thonzonium Bromide And Hydrocortisone Acetate Suspension	
Persistence and Degradability	Expected to be biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Cortisporin TC - Colistin Sulfate, Neomycin Sulfate, Thonzonium Bromide And Hydrocortisone Acetate Suspension	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Expected to be biodegradable.

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.17 (at 25 °C (at pH 7)

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Cortisporin TC - Colistin Sulfate, Neomycin Sulfate, Thonzonium Bromide And Hydrocortisone Acetate Suspension

Ecology - Soil	Adsorbs into the soil. Product partially leaches if exposed to water.

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Adverse Effects: None known.

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Treatment Methods: Incineration is the preferred method for disposal of waste product. . Can be landfilled, when in compliance with local regulations.

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not empty into drains.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Biologically contaminated materials should be incinerated.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid unnecessary release into the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Not regulated for transport

14.4. In Accordance with TDG

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Cortisporin TC - Colistin Sulfate, Neomycin Sulfate, Thonzonium Bromide And Hydrocortisone Acetate Suspension	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Health hazard - Reproductive toxicity

Neomycin sulfate (1405-10-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	

Thimerosal (54-64-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	

Polysorbate 80 (9005-65-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	XU - XU - indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Chemical Data Reporting Rule, (40 CFR 711).

Acetic acid (64-19-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

Water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active	

15.2. US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to Neomycin sulfate, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Chemical Name (CAS No.)	Carcinogenicity	Developmental Toxicity	Female Reproductive Toxicity	Male Reproductive Toxicity
Neomycin sulfate (1405-10-3)		X		

Acetic acid (64-19-7)
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Neomycin sulfate (1405-10-3)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Sodium o-(ethylmercurithio)benzoate (54-64-8)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Sorbitan, mono-(9Z)-9-octadecenoate, poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) derivatives (9005-65-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Acetic acid (64-19-7)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Pregn-4-ene-3,20-dione, 21-(acetyloxy)-11,17-dihydroxy-, (11.beta.)- (50-03-3)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Water (7732-18-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision : 04/08/2025

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) SOR/2022-272.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Glossary of Data Source Abbreviations

ATSDR: Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services)
AU_WES: Australia WES
CHEMVIEW: ChemView (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EC_RAR: European Commission Renewal Assessment Report
EC_SCOEL: European Commission Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits
ECETOC: European Centre for Ecotoxicology and Toxicology of Chemicals Reports
ECHA_API: European Chemicals Agency API
ECHA_RAC: ECHA Committee for Risk Assessment
EFSA: European Food Safety Authority
EPA: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
EPA_AEGL: Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EPA_FIFRA: Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act Reregistration Eligibility Decision (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EPA_HPV: High Production Volume Chemicals (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EPA_TRED: Risk Assessment for Tolerance Reassessment Eligibility Decision (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency)
EU_CLH: European Union Harmonised Classification and Labelling Proposal
EU_RAR: European Union Risk Assessment Report
FOOD_JOURN: Food Research Journal (1956)
IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer
IDLH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Value Profiles
IUCLID: International Uniform Chemical Information Database
JAPAN_GHS: Japan GHS Basis for Classification Data
JP_J-CHECK: Japan J-Check
KR_NIER: South Korea National Institute of Environmental Research Evaluations
NICNAS: Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Health and Safety (U.S. Department of Health and Human Services)
NLM_CIP: National Library of Medicine ChemID plus database
NLM_HSDB: National Library of Medicine Hazardous Substance Data Bank
NLM_PUBMED: National Library of Medicine PubMed database
NTP: National Toxicology Program
NZ_CCID: New Zealand Chemical Classification and Information Database
OECD_EHSP: Environment, Health, and Safety Publication (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
OECD_SIDS: Screening Information Data Sets (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
WHO: World Health Organization

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.